REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 December 2013

# REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2013

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## BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND OTHER OFFICERS

**Board of Directors:** Andreas Mavromatis

**Company Secretary:** Brena Services Limited

8 Zinonos Kitieos street

Kato Lakatamia 2322 Nicosia, Cyprus

**Independent Auditors:** Horwath DSP Limited

Certified Public Accountants and Registered Auditors

Photiades Business Centre 1st floor, 8 Stassinos Avenue

P.O. Box 22545 1522 Nicosia

**Registered office:** 9A Falirou

Nicosia, Pallouriotissa

P.C. 1046 Cyprus

## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors presents its report and audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2013.

### **Principal activities**

The principal activities of the Company, which are unchanged from last year, are the holding of investments and provision of finance.

#### Review of current position, future developments and significant risks

The Company has incurred losses during the year. However the board of directors expects that the appreciation of the value of the investment in the subsidiary and the available for sale companies in the forthcoming years will outweigh these losses.

The main risks and uncertainties faced by the Company and the steps taken to manage these risks, are described in note 3 of the financial statements.

#### Results

The Company's results for the year are set out on page 5.

#### Dividends

The Board of Directors does not recommend the payment of a dividend.

#### **Share capital**

There were no changes in the share capital of the Company during the year under review.

#### **Board of Directors**

The member of the Company's Board of Directors as at the date of this report is presented on page 1. The sole director was a member of the Board of Directors throughout the year ended 31 December 2013.

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association the sole director presently member of the Board continues in office.

There were no significant changes in the remuneration of the Board of Directors.

#### **Independent Auditors**

The Independent Auditors, Horwath DSP Limited, have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution giving authority to the Board of Directors to fix their remuneration will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors,

Andreas Mavromatis Director

Nicosia, 14 January 2014

## Independent auditor's report

## To the Members of Kartereda Holdings Limited

### **Report on the financial statements**

We have audited the financial statements of parent company Kartereda Holdings Limited (the "Company") on pages 5 to 16 which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2013, and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Board of Directors' responsibility for the financial statements

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and the requirements of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Board of Directors as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of parent company Kartereda Holdings Limited as at 31 December 2013, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and the requirements of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113.

## **Independent auditor's report (continued)**

## To the Members of Kartereda Holdings Limited

## Report on other legal requirements

Pursuant to the requirements of the Auditors and Statutory Audits of Annual and Consolidated Accounts Law of 2009, we report the following:

- We have obtained all the information and explanations we considered necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- In our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company.
- The Company's financial statements are in agreement with the books of account.
- In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the financial statements give the information required by the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113, in the manner so required.
- In our opinion, the information given in the report of the Board of Directors is consistent with the financial statements.

#### Other matter

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Section 34 of the Auditors and Statutory Audits of Annual and Consolidated Accounts Law of 2009 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whose knowledge this report may come to.

Chrysis Pegasiou ACA
Certified Public Accountant and Registered Auditor
for and on behalf of
Horwath DSP Limited
Certified Public Accountants and Registered
Auditors

Nicosia, 14 January 2014

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Year ended 31 December 2013

	Note	2013 €	2012 €
Administration expenses		(6.354)	(357.962)
Operating loss		(6.354)	(357.962)
Finance costs	5 <u> </u>	(572)	(1.149)
Loss before tax		(6.926)	(359.111)
Tax	6		
Net loss for the year		(6.926)	(359.111)
Other comprehensive income			<u> </u>
Total comprehensive expense for the year	_	(6.926)	(359.111)

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 December 2013

ASSETS	Note	2013 €	2012 €
Non-current assets Investments in subsidiaries	7 <u>-</u>	13.600.057 13.600.057	13.600.057 13.600.057
Current assets Receivables Available-for-sale investments Cash at bank	9 8 10	319 414 8.120 8.853	319 414 8.873 9.606
Total assets	-	13.608.910	13.609.663
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity Share capital Share premium Accumulated losses Total equity	11 -	2.315 13.999.685 (416.897) 13.585.103	2.315 13.999.685 (409.971) 13.592.029
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Borrowings Current tax liabilities	13 12 14 _	23.259 533 15 23.807	17.313 306 15 17.634
Total equity and liabilities	-	13.608.910	13.609.663
On 14 January 2014 the Board of Directors of Kartereda Holdings Limissue.	ited authoris	ed these financial s	statements for
Andreas Mavromatis Director			

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Year ended 31 December 2013

		Share Accumulated			
		Share capital	premium	losses	Total
	Note	€	€	€	€
Balance at 1 January 2012 Total comprehensive expense for the year Issue of share capital	11	2.303 - 12	<b>13.649.697</b> - 349.988	<b>(50.860)</b> (359.111)	<b>13.601.140</b> (359.111) 350.000
Balance at 31 December 2012/ 1 January 2013 Total comprehensive expense for the year		2.315	13.999.685	<b>(409.971)</b> (6.926)	<b>13.592.029</b> (6.926)
Balance at 31 December 2013		2.315	13.999.685	(416.897)	13.585.103

Share premium is not available for distribution.

Companies which do not distribute 70% of their profits after tax, as defined by the relevant tax law, within two years after the end of the relevant tax year, will be deemed to have distributed as dividends 70% of these profits. Special contribution for defence at 20% for the tax years 2012 and 2013 and 17% for 2014 and thereafter will be payable on such deemed dividends to the extent that the shareholders (companies and individuals) are Cyprus tax residents. The amount of deemed distribution is reduced by any actual dividends paid out of the profits of the relevant year at any time. This special contribution for defence is payable by the Company for the account of the shareholders.

# **CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

Year ended 31 December 2013

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	2013 €	2012 €
Loss before tax		(6.926)	(359.111)
Cash flows used in operations before working capital changes  Decrease in receivables  Increase in trade and other papables		(6.926) -	(359.111) 1.150
Increase in trade and other payables  Cash flows used in operations		5.946 (980)	42 (357.919)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from issue of share capital			350.000
Net cash flows from financing activities	-		350.000
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents:		(980)	(7.919)
At beginning of the year		8.567	16.486
At end of the year	10	7.587	8.567

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2013

### 1. Incorporation and principal activities

#### **Country of incorporation**

The Company Kartereda Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in Cyprus on 13 November 2006 as a private limited liability Company under the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113. Its registered office is at 9A Falirou, Nicosia, Pallouriotissa, P.C. 1046, Cyprus.

#### **Principal activities**

The principal activities of the Company, which are unchanged from last year, are the holding of investments and provision of finance.

#### 2. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented in these financial statements unless otherwise stated.

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union (EU) and the requirements of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113.

The Company is not required by the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap.113, to prepare consolidated financial statements because the ultimate parent company publishes consolidated financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in Greece and the Company does not intend to issue consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Since the 7th Directive of the European Union permits the preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Directive or in a manner equivalent to the Directive, and since the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113, provides the aforementioned exemption, the provisions of International Accounting Standard 27 "Consolidated and separate financial statements" that require the preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS do not apply.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and requires Management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. It also requires the use of assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on Management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates.

## Adoption of new and revised IFRSs

During the current year the Company adopted all the new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) that are relevant to its operations and are effective for accounting periods beginning on 1 January 2013. This adoption did not have a material effect on the accounting policies of the Company.

At the date of approval of these financial statements, standards and interpretations were issued by the International Accounting Standards Board which were not yet effective. Some of them were adopted by the European Union and others not yet. The Board of Directors expects that the adoption of these accounting standards in future periods will not have a material effect on the financial statements of the Company.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2013

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Subsidiary companies**

Investments in subsidiary companies are stated at cost less provision for impairment in value, which is recognised as an expense in the period in which the impairment is identified.

#### **Finance costs**

Interest expense and other borrowing costs are charged to profit or loss as incurred.

#### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised in the Company's financial statements in the year in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders.

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Company's statement of financial position when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

#### **Investments**

#### (1) Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: investments at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments and available for-sale investments. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition.

#### Available-for-sale investments

Available-for-sale investments are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets, unless management intends to dispose of the investment within twelve months of the reporting date.

#### (2) Recognition and measurement

Regular way purchases and sales of investments are recognised on trade-date which is the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all investments not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Investments carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in profit or loss. Investments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Available-for-sale investments and investments at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the "investments at fair value through profit or loss" category are presented in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Dividend income from investments at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the profit or loss when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active (and for unlisted securities), the Company establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same and discounted cash flow analysis, making maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity specific inputs. Equity investments for which fair values cannot be measured reliably are recognised at cost less impairment.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2013

# 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Financial instruments (continued)**

## **Investments** (continued)

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in a foreign currency and classified as available-for-sale are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in amortised cost of the security and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. The translation differences on monetary securities are recognised in profit or loss, while translation differences on non-monetary securities are recognised in other comprehensive income. Changes in the fair value of monetary and non-monetary securities classified as available-for-sale are recognised in other comprehensive income.

When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in other comprehensive income are included in profit or loss as gains and losses on available-for-sale financial assets.

Interest on available-for-sale securities calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the profit or loss. Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of investments is impaired. In the case of equity securities classified as available for sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered as an indicator that the securities are impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale investments the cumulative loss which is measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss, is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss.

For investments measured at amortised cost, if in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

In respect of available for sale equity securities, impairment losses previously recognised in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investments revaluation reserve. In respect of available for sale debt securities, impairment losses are subsequently reversed through profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

## Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks and bank overdrafts. In the statement of financial position, bank overdrafts are included in borrowings in current liabilities.

#### Trade payables

Trade payables are initially measured at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2013

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities**

### Financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired;
- the Company retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay
  them in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass through' arrangement; or
- the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

#### Financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Share capital**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. The difference between the fair value of the consideration received by the Company and the nominal value of the share capital being issued is taken to the share premium account.

#### 3. Financial risk management

## **Financial risk factors**

The Company is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and capital risk management arising from the financial instruments it holds. The risk management policies employed by the Company to manage these risks are discussed below:

#### 3.1 Credit risk

Credit risk arises when a failure by counter parties to discharge their obligations could reduce the amount of future cash inflows from financial assets on hand at the reporting date. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk. The Company has policies in place to ensure that sales of products and services are made to customers with an appropriate credit history and monitors on a continuous basis the ageing profile of its receivables. Cash balances are held with high credit quality financial institutions and the Company has policies to limit the amount of credit exposure to any financial institution.

## 3.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that arises when the maturity of assets and liabilities does not match. An unmatched position potentially enhances profitability, but can also increase the risk of losses. The Company has procedures with the object of minimising such losses such as maintaining sufficient cash and other highly liquid current assets and by having available an adequate amount of committed credit facilities.

### 3.3 Capital risk management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from last year.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2013

## 3. Financial risk management (continued)

#### **Fair value estimation**

The fair values of the Company's financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts at the reporting date.

## 4. Expenses by nature

	2013	2012
	€	€
Auditors' remuneration	1.770	2.360
Other professional fees	934	2.931
Administration expenses	1.180	1.150
Investment advisory services	=	350.000
Annual levy	700	-
Accounting fees	1.770	1.521
Total expenses	6.354	357.962
5. Finance costs		
	2013	2012
	€	€
Other finance expenses	572	1.149
·	572	1.149

#### 6. Tax

The tax on the Company's results before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the applicable tax rates as follows:

Loss before tax	2013 € (6.926)	2012 € (359.111)
Tax calculated at the applicable tax rates Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes Tax effect of allowances and income not subject to tax	(866) 866 	(35.911) - 35.911
Tax charge		_

The corporation tax rate is 12,5% (2012:10%).

Under certain conditions interest income may be subject to defence contribution at the rate of 30% (2012:15%). In such cases this interest will be exempt from corporation tax. In certain cases, dividends received from abroad may be subject to defence contribution at the rate of 20% for the tax years 2012 and 2013 and 17% for 2014 and thereafter.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2013

### 7. Investments in subsidiaries

	2013	2012
	€	€
Balance at 1 January	13.600.057	13.600.057
Balance at 31 December	13.600.057	13.600.057

The details of the subsidiaries are as follows:

<u>Name</u>	Country of	Principal activities	Holding
CLH Estate SRL	<u>incorporation</u> Romania	Investment property	<u>%</u> 100

#### 8. Available-for-sale investments

	2013	2012
	€	€
Balance at 1 January	414	414
Balance at 31 December	414	414

Available-for-sale financial assets are fair valued annually at the close of business on 31 December. Equity investments for which fair values cannot be measured reliably are recognised at cost less impairment.

Available-for-sale investments are classified as non-current assets, unless they are expected to be realised within twelve months from the reporting date or unless they will need to be sold to raise operating capital.

### 9. Receivables

	2013	2012
	€	€
Shareholders' current accounts - debit balances (Note 15)	319	319
	319	319

The fair values of trade and other receivables due within one year approximate to their carrying amounts as presented above.

## 10. Cash at bank

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, the cash and cash equivalents include the following:

	2013	2012
	€	€
Cash at bank	8.120	8.873
Bank overdrafts (Note 12)	(533)	(306)
	7.587	8.567

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2013

## 11. Share capital

	2013 Number of shares	2013 €	2012 Number of shares	2012 €
<b>Authorised</b> Ordinary shares of €1 each	5.000	5.000	5.000	5.000
<b>Issued and fully paid</b> Balance at 1 January Issue of shares	2.315	2.315	2.303 12	2.303 12
Balance at 31 December	2.315	2.315	2.315	2.315
12. Borrowings			2013 €	2012 €
<b>Current borrowings</b> Bank overdrafts (Note 10)		_	533	306
		_	533	306
13. Trade and other payables				
Trade payables			2013 €	2012 €
Trade payables Accruals Other creditors Payables to related companies (Note 15)			430 2.124 8.264 12.441	2.360 2.512 12.441

The fair values of trade and other payables due within one year approximate to their carrying amounts as presented above.

23.259

17.313

## 14. Current tax liabilities

	2013	2012
	€	€
Special contribution for defence	<u>15</u>	15
	15	15

## 15. Related party transactions

The following transactions were carried out with related parties:

## 15.1 Payables to related parties (Note 13)

		2013	2012
<u>Name</u>	Nature of transactions	€	€
Correa Holdings Limited	Finance	<u> 12.441</u>	12.441
		12.441	12.441

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2013

## 15. Related party transactions (continued)

## 15.2 Shareholders' current accounts - debit balances (Note 9)

	2013	2012
	€	€
As at 31 December	<u>319</u>	319
	319	319

The shareholders' current accounts are interest free, and have no specified repayment date.

## 16. Events after the reporting period

There were no material events after the reporting period, which have a bearing on the understanding of the financial statements.

Independent auditor's report on pages 3 and 4

# DETAILED INCOME STATEMENT

Year ended 31 December 2013

	Page	2013 €	2012 €
<b>Operating expenses</b> Administration expenses	18	(6.354)	(357.962)
<b>Operating loss</b> Finance costs	19	(6.354) (572)	(357.962) (1.149)
Net loss for the year before tax		(6.926)	(359.111)

# **OPERATING EXPENSES**

Year ended 31 December 2013

	2013 €	2012 €
Administration expenses		
Annual levy	700	-
Auditors' remuneration	1.770	2.360
Accounting fees	1.770	1.521
Other professional fees	934	2.931
Administration expenses	1.180	1.150
Investment advisory services	<u> </u>	350.000
	6.354	357.962

FINANCE COSTS		
Year ended 31 December 2013		
	2013	2012
	€	€
Finance costs		
Other finance expenses		
Bank charges	<u>572</u>	1.149
	E72	1 1/10

# COMPUTATION OF CORPORATION TAX

Year ended 31 December 2013

Net loss per income statement	Page 17	€	€ (6.926)
Add: Annual levy Non-allowable expenses		700 6.226	
Chargeable income for the year		_	6.926 -

9A Falirou Nicosia, Pallouriotissa P.C. 1046 Cyprus

Horwath DSP Limited Certified Public Accountants and Registered Auditors Photiades Business Centre 1st floor, 8 Stassinos Avenue P.O. Box 22545 1522 Nicosia

14 January 2014

#### Management representation letter for the audit of the year ended 31 December 2013

Dear Sirs

This representation letter is provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of Kartereda Holdings Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 31 December 2013 for the purpose of expressing an opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2013, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and the requirements of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113.

By a resolution of the Board of Directors, passed today, I am directed to confirm to you, in respect of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2013, the following:

We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief and having made appropriate inquiries of other Directors and officials and staff of the Company as we considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves, that we can make the following representations to you.

We acknowledge our legal responsibilities regarding disclosure of information to you as auditors and confirm that so far as we are aware, there is no relevant audit information needed by you in connection with preparing your audit report of which you are unaware. Each Director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a Director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that you are aware of that information.

#### I. Financial statements

- We have fulfilled our responsibilities, for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU and the requirements of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113, which give a true and fair view in accordance therewith, and for making accurate representations to you. We have approved the financial statements.
- 2) We confirm that we have reviewed the Company's accounting policies and estimation techniques and, having regard to the possible alternative policies and techniques, the accounting policies and estimation techniques selected for use in the preparation of the financial statements are the most appropriate to give a true and fair view for the Company's particular circumstances, as required by International Accounting Standard IAS1: Presentation of financial statements.
- 3) Significant assumptions used by us in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable.
- 4) We have no plans or intentions that may materially alter the carrying value and where relevant the fair value measurements or classification of assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements.
- 5) Related party relationships and transactions have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in accordance with the requirements of IFRSs as adopted by the EU.

#### 6) Litigation

- i) We confirm that all known, actual or possible litigation and claims whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements have been disclosed to you and accounted for and disclosed in the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU.
- ii) We are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation, proceedings, hearing or claims negotiations, which may result in significant loss to the Company

#### 7) Events after the reporting period

All events subsequent to the date of the financial statements and for which IFRSs as adopted by the EU require adjustment or disclosure have been adjusted or disclosed in the financial statements. Other than as described in the financial statements, there have been no circumstances or events subsequent to the period end, which require adjustment of or disclosure in the financial statements or in the notes thereto.

#### 8) Uncorrected misstatements

We confirm that the financial statements are free of material misstatements, including omissions. We believe that the effects of uncorrected misstatements identified during the audit are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements as a whole.

### 9) Going concern

We confirm that, having considered our expectations and intentions for the next twelve months, and the availability of working capital, the Company is a going concern. We further confirm that the disclosures in the accounting policies are an accurate reflection of the reasons for our consideration that the financial statements should be drawn up on a going concern basis.

#### II. Information provided

### 10) Accounting records

- i) All the accounting records have been made available to you for the purpose of your audit and all the transactions undertaken have been properly reflected and recorded in the accounting records. All other records and related information which might affect the truth and fairness of, or necessary disclosure in, the financial statements, including minutes of directors, shareholders and relevant management meetings, have been made available to you and no such information has been withheld. We have also provided unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
- ii) All transactions undertaken by the Company have been properly reflected in the accounting records and the financial statements.

## 11) Related parties

We confirm, that we have disclosed to you the identity of the Company's related parties and all the related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware. We also confirm that we have appropriately accounted for and disclosed in the financial statements all related party transactions relevant to the Company and that we are not aware of any other such matters required to be disclosed in the financial statements under International Accounting Standard 24 'Related Party Disclosures'.

#### 12) Fraud

- i) We acknowledge as Directors that we are responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal controls to prevent and detect fraud and error.
- ii) We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.

iii) We have disclosed to you all information relating to any fraud or suspected fraud known to us that may have affected the Company (regardless of the source or form and including, without limitation, allegations by "whistle-blowers"), and involves management, employees who have significant roles in internal control or others where fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements. We have also disclosed any allegations of fraud or suspected fraud communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators or others, that could affect the Company's financial statements.

#### 13) Laws and regulations

- i) We confirm that we are not aware of any instances of actual or potential breaches of or non-compliance with laws and regulations that are central to the Company's ability to conduct its business or that could have a material effect on the financial statements.
- ii) We confirm that we are not aware of any irregularities, or allegations of irregularities including fraud, involving management or employees who have a significant role in the accounting and internal control systems, or that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### 14) Contractual arrangements / agreements

- i) All contractual arrangements entered into by the Company with third parties have been properly reflected in the accounting records or, where material (or potentially material) to the financial statements, have been disclosed to you.
- ii) The Company has complied with all aspects of contractual agreements that could have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of non-compliance.
- iii) There are no other agreements not in the ordinary course of business.
- 15) The Company has satisfactory title to all assets and there are no liens or encumbrances on the Company's assets, except for those disclosed in the financial statements.

### 16) Investments

We have disclosed to you our plans regarding long term investments (investments in subsidiary undertakings, associate undertaking and available for sale investments) that are material to the financial statements, in particular whether the Company has the ability to continue to hold the investments on a long-term basis.

### III. Other representations

#### **Assets and liabilities**

- 17) We have no plans or intentions that may materially alter the carrying value or classification of assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements.
- 18) In our opinion on realization in the ordinary course of business, the current assets in statement of financial position are expected to produce no less than the net book amounts at which they are stated.

#### **Provisions**

19) Full provision has been made for all liabilities at the reporting date including guarantees, commitments and contingencies where the items are expected to result in significant loss to the Company. Other such items, where in our opinion provision is unnecessary, have been appropriately disclosed in the financial statements.

## **Disclosures**

20) We have recorded or disclosed, as appropriate, all capital stock repurchase options or agreements, and capital stock reserved for options, warrants, conversions and other requirements.

- 21) We have recorded or disclosed, as appropriate, all arrangements with financial institutions involving compensating balances or other arrangements involving restrictions on cash balances and lines of credit or similar arrangements.
- 22) We have recorded or disclosed, as appropriate, all liabilities, both actual and contingent, and have disclosed in the notes to the financial statements all guarantees that we have given to third parties, including oral guarantees made by the Company on behalf of an affiliate, director, officer or any other third party.

#### 23) Taxation

We have provided you with all information related to all significant income tax uncertainties of which we are aware. We have also provided you with access to all opinions and analyses that relate to positions we have taken in regard to significant income tax matters.

### 24) Retirement benefits

 All settlements and curtailments in respect of retirement benefit schemes have been identified and properly accounted for.

## 25) Transactions with Directors/officers

Except as disclosed in the financial statements, no other transactions involving Directors, officers and others requiring disclosure in the financial statements under the Companies Law, Cap. 113 have been entered into.

Yours faithfully, For and on behalf of the Board of Directo				
Andreas Mavromatis Director				