REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 December 2008

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2008

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND OTHER OFFICERS

Board of Directors: Androula Zavalli Teves

Company Secretary: Brena Services Limited

8 Zinonos Kitieos street

Kato Lakatamia 2322 Nicosia, Cyprus

Independent Auditors: Horwath DSP Limited

Chartered Certified Accountants Photiades Business Centre 1st floor, 8 Stassinos Avenue

P.O. Box 22545 1522 Nicosia

Registered Office: 9A Falirou street

Pallouriotissa 1046 Nicosia Cyprus

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors presents its report and audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2008.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the Company are the holding of investments and provision of finance.

Review of current position, future developments and significant risks

The Company has incurred losses during the period. However the board of directors expects that the appreciation of the value of the investment in the forthcoming years will outweigh these losses.

The most significant risks faced by the Company and the steps taken to manage these risks, are described in note 3 of the financial statements.

Results

The Company's results for the year are set out on page 5. The net loss for the year is carried forward.

Share capital

There were no changes in the share capital of the Company during the year.

Board of Directors

The members of the Board of Directors of the Company as at the date of this report are shown on page 1. The sole director was a member of the board throughout the year ended 31 December 2008.

There were no significant changes in the assignment of responsibilities and remuneration of the Board of Directors.

Post balance sheet events

Any significant events that occurred after the end of the year are described in note 18 to the financial statements.

Independent Auditors

The independent auditors, Horwath DSP Limited, have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution giving authority to the Board of Directors to fix their remuneration will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors,

Androula Zavalli Teves Director

Nicosia, 2 February 2009

Independent Auditors' Report

Correa Holdings Limited

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the parent company Correa Holdings Limited (the "Company") on pages 5 to 16, which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2008 and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Board of Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union (EU) and the requirements of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap 113. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Board of Directors as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independent Auditors' Report (continued)

Correa Holdings Limited

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the parent company Correa Holdings Limited as of 31 December 2008 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and the requirements of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113.

Report on Other Legal Requirements

Pursuant to the requirements of the Companies Law, Cap. 113, we report the following:

- We have obtained all the information and explanations we considered necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- In our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company.
- The Company's financial statements are in agreement with the books of account.
- In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the financial statements give the information required by the Companies Law, Cap. 113, in the manner so required.
- In our opinion, the information given in the report of the Board of Directors on page 2 is consistent with the financial statements.

Other Matter

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Section 156 of the Companies Law, Cap.113 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whose knowledge this report may come to.

Horwath DSP Limited
Chartered Certified Accountants

Nicosia, 2 February 2009

INCOME STATEMENT

	Note	2008 €	2007 €
Revenue	4	398.533	-
Administration expenses Other expenses Operating profit / (loss)	5 <u> </u>	(16.644) - - 381.889	(12.530) (1.000) (13.530)
Net finance costs	7 _	(566.085)	(243.730)
Loss before tax		(184.196)	(257.260)
Tax Net (loss) for the year / period	8 <u> </u>	(167) (184.363)	(257.260)

BALANCE SHEET

31	December	2008
JТ	December	2000

ASSETS	Note	2008 €	2007 €
Non-current assets Investments in subsidiaries Loans receivables	9	4.544.888 11.598.533 16.143.421	4.544.888 - 4.544.888
Current assets Trade and other receivables Cash at bank and in hand	11 12	5.600 142.441 148.041	1.000 253.482 254.482
Total assets	:	16.291.462	4.799.370
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity and reserves Share capital Accumulated (losses)	13	1.000 (441.623) (440.623)	1.000 (257.260) (256.260)
Non-current liabilities Borrowings	14	16.726.154 16.726.154	5.000.000 5.000.000
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Borrowings Current tax liabilities	15 14 16	5.865 57 <u>9</u> 5.931	3.600 52.030 - 55.630
Total liabilities	,	16.732.085	5.055.630
Total equity and liabilities	!	16.291.462	4.799.370

On 2 February 2009 the Board of Directors of Correa Holdings Limited authorised these financial statements for issue.

Androula Zavalli Teves Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Year ended 31 December 2008

	Share capital €	Accumulated (losses) €	Total €
Net loss for the period	-	(257.260)	(257.260)
Issue of share capital	1.000 1.000	(257,260)	1.000 (256.260)
At 31 December 2007/ 1 January 2008	1.000	(257.260)	(256.260)
Net loss for the year At 31 December 2008	1.000	(184.363) (441.623)	(184.363) (440.623)

Companies which do not distribute 70% of their profits after tax, as defined by the relevant tax law, within two years after the end of the relevant tax year, will be deemed to have distributed as dividends 70% of these profits. Special contribution for defence at 15% will be payable on such deemed dividends to the extent that the shareholders (companies and individuals) are Cyprus tax residents. The amount of deemed distribution is reduced by any actual dividends paid out of the profits of the relevant year at any time. This special contribution for defence is payable for the account of the shareholders.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

		2008	2007
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	€	€
Loss before tax Adjustments for:		(184.196)	(257.260)
Unrealised exchange loss		4.317	3.026
Interest income	47	(400.117)	(1.225)
Interest expense	7	<u>562.463</u>	228.419
Cash flows used in operations before working capital changes		(17.533)	(27.040)
(Increase) in trade and other receivables		(4.600)	(1.000)
Increase in trade and other payables		2.265	3.600
Cash flows used in operations		(19.868)	(24.440)
Interest received		`398.533	` 1.22Ś
Tax paid		(158)	_
Net cash from / (used in) operating activities		378.507	(23.215)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payment for purchase of investments in subsidiaries	9	-	(4.544.888)
Loans granted		(11.598.533)	- 1
Interest received		1.584	1.225
Net cash used in investing activities		(11.596.949)	(4.543.663)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issue of share capital		-	1.000
Proceeds from borrowings		11.674.183	5.051.971
Unrealised exchange (loss)		(4.317)	(3.026)
Interest paid		(562.463)	(228.419)
Net cash from financing activities		<u>11.107.403</u>	4.821.526
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents:		(111.039)	254.648
At beginning of the year/ period	12	253.423	(1.225)
At end of the year/ period	12	142.384	253.423
At the state party period			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2008

1. Incorporation and principal activities

Country of incorporation

The Company Correa Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in Cyprus on 27 February 2007 as a private company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Cap. 113. Its registered office is at 9A Falirou street, Pallouriotissa, 1046 Nicosia, Cyprus.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the Company are the holding of investments and provision of finance.

2. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented in these financial statements unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union (EU) and the requirements of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113.

The Company is not required by the Companies Law, Cap.113, to prepare consolidated financial statements because the ultimate parent company publishes consolidated financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in Greece and the Company does not intend to issue consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008.

Since the EU 7th Directive permits the preparation of such consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Directive or in a manner equivalent to that Directive and since the Companies Law, Cap.113, provides for the aforementioned exemption, the provisions in IAS 27 "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements" requiring the preparation of such consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS do not apply.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. It also requires the use of assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates.

Adoption of new and revised IFRSs

During the current period the Company adopted all the new and revised IFRSs and International Accounting Standards (IAS), which are relevant to its operations and are effective for accounting periods commencing on 27 February 2007.

The adoption of these Standards did not have a material effect on the financial statements.

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements some Standards were in issue but not yet effective. The Board of Directors expects that the adoption of these Standards in future periods will not have a material effect on the financial statements of the Company.

Subsidiary companies

Investments in subsidiary companies are stated at cost less provision for impairment in value, which is recognised as

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2008

2. Accounting policies (continued)

an expense in the period in which the impairment is identified.

Revenue recognition

Revenues earned by the Company are recognised on the following bases:

• Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

Finance costs

Interest expense and other borrowing costs are charged to the income statement as incurred.

Foreign currency translation

(1) <u>Functional and presentation currency</u>

Items included in the Company's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Euro (\in) , which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(2) <u>Transactions and balances</u>

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement.

Tax

Current tax liabilities and assets for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted, or substantively enacted, by the balance sheet date.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the Company's balance sheet when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Loans granted

Loans originated by the Company by providing money directly to the borrower are categorised as loans and are carried at amortised cost. This is defined as the fair value of cash consideration given to originate those loans as is determined by reference to market prices at origination date. All loans are recognised when cash is advanced to the borrower.

An allowance for loan impairment is established if there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original contractual terms of loans. The amount of the provision is the difference between the carrying amount and the recoverable amount, being the present value of expected cash flows including amounts recoverable from guarantees and collateral, discounted at the original effective interest rate of loans.

Investments

Investments are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis where the purchase or sale of an investment is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the investment within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially measured at fair value, plus directly attributable transaction costs and are classified as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2008

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Investments (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are those that either have been classified as held for trading, or those that are designated by the Company as at fair value through profit or loss at initial recognition. A financial asset is classified as held for trading if it was acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near future, or it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit making. Gains and losses arising from changes in their fair value are included in profit or loss for the period.

Held-to-maturity investments

Debt securities that the Company has the expressed intention and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity investments. At subsequent reporting dates these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment loss recognised to reflect irrecoverable amounts. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the investment's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition. Impairment losses are reversed in subsequent periods when an increase in the investment's recoverable amount can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, subject to the restriction that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed shall not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

• <u>Available-for-sale financial assets</u>

Available for sale financial assets are those acquired and held for an unspecified period of time and may be sold to cover cash flow deficiencies, fluctuations in interest rates, exchange rates or other security prices. For available-for-sale investments, gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised directly in equity, until the security is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in equity is included in the profit or loss for the period. Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss for equity investments classified as available-for-sale are not subsequently reversed through profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss for debt instruments classified as available-for-sale are subsequently reversed if an increase in the fair value of the instrument can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active (and for unlisted securities), the Company establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same and discounted cash flow analysis, making maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity specific inputs. Equity investments for which fair values cannot be measured reliably are recognised at cost less impairment.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks and bank overdrafts. In the balance sheet, bank overdrafts are included in borrowings in current liabilities.

Borrowings

Borrowings are recorded initially at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost. Any differences between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2008

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Non-current liabilities

Non-current liabilities represent amounts that are due more than twelve months from the balance sheet date.

3. Financial risk management

Financial risk factors

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk, currency risk and litigation risk arising from the financial instruments it holds. The risk management policies employed by the Company to manage these risks are discussed below:

(1.1) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Company's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates as the Company has no significant interest-bearing assets. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk in relation to its non-current borrowings. The Company's management monitors the interest rate fluctuations on a continuous basis and acts accordingly.

(1.2) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the Company's measurement currency. The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures. The Company's management monitors the exchange rate fluctuations on a continuous basis and acts accordingly.

(1.3) Litigation risk

Litigation risk is the risk of financial loss, interruption of the Company's operations or any other undesirable situation that arises from the possibility of non-execution or violation of legal contracts and consequentially of lawsuits. The risk is restricted through the contracts used by the Company to execute its operations.

(2) Fair value estimation

The fair values of the Company's financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts at the balance sheet date.

4. Revenue

	2008	2007
	€	€
Interest income	398.533	
	398.533	-
5. Other expenses		
	2008	2007
	€	€
Incorporation expenses		1.000
		1.000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2008

6. Operating profit / (loss)

	2008	2007
Operating profit / (loss) is stated after charging the following items:	€	€
Auditors' remuneration	2.300	2.300
7. Finance income / cost		
	2000	2007
	2008 €	2007 €
Interest income	1.584	1.225
Exchange profit	9	-
Finance income	1.593	1.225
Net foreign exchange transaction losses	4.326	3.026
Interest expense	562.463	228.419
Other finance expenses	889	13.510
Finance costs	<u> 567.678</u>	244.955
Net finance costs	(566.085)	(243.730)
8. Tax		
	2008	2007
	2008	2007
Defence contribution - current year / period	167	-
Charge for the year	167	-
•		
The tax on the Company's results before tax differs from the theoretical amount that tax rates as follows:	would arise using t	the applicable
	2008	2007
	€	€
Loss before tax	(184.196)	(257.260)
Tax calculated at the applicable tax rates	(18.420)	(25.726)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	` 433	` 236
Tax effect of allowances and income not subject to tax	(76)	-
Tax effect of tax losses brought forward	(25.323)	-
Tax effect of tax loss for the year / period	43.386	25.490
Defence contribution current year	<u> 167</u> _	
Tax charge	167	_

Under certain conditions interest may be subject to defence contribution at the rate of 10%. In such cases 50% of the same interest will be exempt from corporation tax, thus having an effective tax rate burden of approximately 15%. In certain cases, dividends received from abroad may be subject to defence contribution at the rate of 15%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2008

9. Investments in subsidiaries

On 1 January Additions At 31 December The details of the subsidiaries Name	are as follows: <u>Country of incorporation</u>	Principal activities	2008 € 4.544.888 - 4.544.888	2007 € 4.544.888 4.544.888 Holding %
Profit Construct S.A	Romania	Investment property		99,9
10. Loans Receivables				
Loans to subsidiaries (Note 1	17)		2008 € 11.598.533 11.598.533	2007 €
The fair values of non-current	receivables approximate to t	heir carrying amounts as	presented above.	
11. Trade and other receiv	/ables			
Receivables from related com Shareholders' current accoun			2008 € 4.600 1.000 5.600	2007 € 1.000 1.000

The fair values of trade and other receivables due within one year approximate to their carrying amounts as presented above.

12. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, the cash and cash equivalents include the following:

			2008	2007
			€	€
Cash at bank and in hand			142.441	253.482
Bank overdrafts (Note 14)		_	(57)	(59)
,		_	142.384	253.423
		_		
13. Share capital				
	2008	2008	2007	2007
	Number of		Number of	
	shares	€	shares	€
Authorised				
Ordinary shares of €1 each	5.000	5.000	5.000	5.000
Issued and fully paid				
On 1 January	1.000	1.000	-	-
Issue of shares	-	-	1.000	1.000
At 31 December	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2008

14. Borrowings

	2008 €	2007 €
Current borrowings Bank overdrafts (Note 12) Bank loans	57 	59 51.971
Non current borrowings Bank loans Debentures to related party (Note 17)	16.726.154 16.726.154	4.948.029 51.971 5.000.000
Total	16.726.211	5.052.030
15. Trade and other payables	2008 €	2007 €
Accruals Other creditors Payables to related companies (Note 17)	2.300 3.565 5.865	2.300 - 1.300 3.600
The fair values of trade and other payables due within one year approximate to their above.	carrying amounts a	as presented
16. Current tax liabilities		
Special contribution for defence	2008 € 9	2007 €

	2008	2007
	€	€
Special contribution for defence	9	
·	9	-

17. Related party transactions

The following transactions were carried out with related parties:

17.1 Receivables from related parties (Note 11)

<u>Name</u>	Nature of transactions	€	€
Kartereda Holdings Limited	Finance	4.600	
		4.600	-
17.2 Loans to subsidiaries (Note 10)			
		2008	2007
		€	€
Profit Construct SRL		<u> 11.598.533</u>	
		11.598.533	_

2008

2007

The loan bears interest 7% per annum and is repayable in 2014.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2008

17. Related party transactions (continued)

17.3 Payables to related parties (Note 15)

		2008	2007
<u>Name</u>	Nature of transactions	€	€
Kartereda Holdings Limited	Finance	<u></u>	1.300
		<u> </u>	1.300
17.4 Debentures to related party	(Note 14)	2008	2007
		€	€
Lofos Pallini A.E		<u> 16.514.258</u>	
		16.514.258	-

The debenture bears interest at the rate of 5,2% per annum and is repayable on 1 July 2013. On maturity date the debenture may be converted into new ordinary shares of the company Correa Holdings Limited or be settled in cash at the option of the debenture holder.

17.5 Shareholders' current accounts - debit balances (Note 11)

	2008	2007
	€	€
Shareholders' current account	1.000	1.000
	1.000	1.000

The shareholders' current accounts are interest free, and have no specified repayment date.

18. Post balance sheet events

There were no material post balance sheet events, which have a bearing on the understanding of the financial statements.

Independent Auditors' Report pages 3 and 4

DETAILED INCOME STATEMENT

	Page	2008 €	2007 €
Revenue Interest income		398.533	-
Operating expenses Administration expenses	18	(16.644) 381.889	(12.530) (12.530)
Other operating expenses			
Incorporation expenses			(1.000)
Operating profit/ (loss)		381.889	(13.530)
Finance income	19	1.593	1.225
Finance costs	19	(567.678)	(244.955)
Net loss for the year before tax		(184.196)	(257.260)

OPERATING EXPENSES

	2008 €	2007 €
Administration expenses		
Auditors' remuneration	2.300	2.300
Accounting fees	4.025	2.300
Legal fees	-	1.673
Other professional fees	9.169	4.107
Administration expenses	1.150	2.150
	<u>16.644</u>	12.530

FINANCE INCOME / COST

	2008 €	2007 €
Finance income Bank interest Unrealised exchange profit	1.584 9 1.593	1.225 - 1.225
Finance costs		
Interest expense Loan interest Bank overdraft interest	136.309	228.416 3
Debenture interest	426.154	-
Other finance expenses Bank charges	889	13.510
Net foreign exchange transaction losses	4 226	2.026
Unrealised exchange loss	4.326 567.678	3.026 244.955

COMPUTATION OF DEFENCE CONTRIBUTION

	Income €	Income CY£	Rate	Defence CY£ c
INTEREST				
Deemed interest receivable on Debit balances of				
directors and shareholders	90	53		
Interest that was subject to deduction at source	1.584	927		
	1.674	980	10%	98,00
Deductions at source				(92,70)
DEFENCE CONTRIBUTION DUE TO IRD				5,30

COMPUTATION OF CORPORATION TAX

Net loss per detailed income statement	Page 17	€	€ (184.196)
<u>Less:</u> Expenses not allowable for taxation purposes: Unrealised exchange loss		4.326	4.326
Add: Interest income Unrealised exchange profit		1.584 9	(179.870)
Net trading (loss) Interest receivable Bank interest received		1.584	(1.593) (181.463)
Total credit interest Less special 50% allowance on total credit interest		90 1.674 (837)	837
Net (loss) for the year			(180.626) CY£
Converted into CY£ at € 1,7086 = CY£1			(105.716)
(Loss) brought forward Net (loss) at 31 December 2008 carried forward		- -	(148.211) (253.927)

9A Falirou street Pallouriotissa 1046 Nicosia Cyprus

Nicosia, 2 February 2009

Messrs, Horwath DSP Limited Chartered Certified Accountants Photiades Business Centre 1st floor, 8 Stassinos Avenue P.O. Box 22545 1522 Nicosia

Dear Sirs,

Financial Statements - 31 December 2008

This representation letter is provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of Correa Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 December 2008.

We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, as of the date of this letter, the following representations made to you during your audit:

- 1) We acknowledge our responsibility for the fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and the requirements of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113.
- 2) There have been no irregularities involving management or employees who have a significant role in the system of internal control, or that could have a material effect on the financial statements.
- 3) The financial statements are free of material errors and omissions.
- 4) We have made available to you all books of account and supporting documentation and all minutes of meetings of shareholders and board of directors.
- 5) The Company has complied with all aspects of contractual agreements that could have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of non-compliance. There have been no communications concerning non-compliance with requirements of regulatory authorities with respect to financial matters.
- 6) The following have been properly recorded and when appropriate, adequately disclosed in the financial statements:
 - (a) Balances and transactions with related parties.
 - (b) Assets pledged as collateral.
- 7) We have no plans or intentions that may materially affect the carrying value or classification of assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements.
- 8) The Company has satisfactory title to all assets and there are no liens, or encumbrances on the Company's assets except as noted in the financial statements.
- 9) We have recorded or disclosed all liabilities, both actual and contingent.
- 10) We confirm that all amounts owed to the Company are fully recoverable.
- 11) There have been no events subsequent to the balance sheet date that require adjustment of, or disclosure in the financial statements and related notes.
- 12) No claims in connection with litigation have been or are expected to be received.
- 13) To the best of our knowledge and belief, the information disclosed in the financial statements in respect of parties which control the entity is complete and accurate.

- 14) To the best of our knowledge and belief, there were no material related party transactions at any time during the year which fall to be disclosed other than as indicated in the financial statements.
- 15) Except as disclosed in the financial statements, the results for the year were not materially affected by transactions of a type not usually undertaken by the entity, circumstances of a non recurrent or exceptional nature or any change in accounting policies.
- 16) We confirm that we have reviewed going concern considerations and are satisfied that it is appropriate for the financial statements to have been drawn up on the going concern basis. In reaching this opinion, we have taken into account all relevant matters of which we are aware and have considered a future period of at least one year from the date the financial statements are to be approved.
- 17) We have also considered the adequacy of the disclosures in the financial statements relating to going concern and are satisfied that sufficient disclosure has been made in order to give a fair presentation.
- 18) We confirm that the above representations are made on the basis of enquiries of management and staff with relevant knowledge and experience (and, where appropriate, of inspection of supporting documentation) sufficient to satisfy ourselves that we can properly make each of the above representations to you.

Yours faithfully, For Correa Holdings Limited	
Director	